Creation & Fall of man

1.		nesis teaches us that the creation of the universe was by means of the of God – John 1:1-3, Colossians 1:13-17, 2nd Peter 3:3-7
		it is presented to us, the creation was "ex nihilo" or (Hebrews 11:3 & Romans 4:17). The account offers no
		as to how this was done.
3.		e recurring phrase, "And God said", is written into the text times to denote d's ex nihilo creative acts, and once more (1:26) for his creation of
4.	An	other recurring phrase, "After their kind", is seen times.
Basic truths taught through the creation – chapters 1 & 2		
	\$	God "Elohim" is our creator, and the name/word is in form, again, without any explanation given
	\$	The purposes for the heavenly lights (which are given no names): 1) to separate from 2) to provide and, days and 3) to give on the earth
	₩	The biology of is emphasized being that everything reproduces its
	♦	The distinctiveness of from the rest of creation is clearly established, in that they are the only beings said to be specifically
		by God and created in his
	\$	The distinct roles of & are laid out according to God's design & intent
	\$	is established in this text (2:18-25) which eventually becomes the point of reference for (Matthew 19:3-6)
	\$	Purposes of Marriage 1) "" 2)"
	₩	Adam would name his wife "Eve" because she was the mother of all (3:20)

Lessons to be learned from the fall - chapter 3

A	The serpent's deception was not so much to gain Eve as a follower, but to cause her to God. Eve's temptations fell into the same categories as ours (1st John 2:15-17): a) Lust of the b) Lust of the c) Boastful of life
>	Both Adam & Even knew what was, but still
>	The immediate result of sin was It seems they felt compelled to cover their nakedness from and then to hide from God.
>	Adam blamed, Eve blamed the serpent. To this day, mankind remains reluctant to accept for sin.
God's	response to sin
✓	The serpent's curse was "above all cattle" and "every beast of the field" that he would now go on his and eat This seems to imply that initially, the serpent likely walked on "The ancestors of today's slithery snakes once sported full-fledged arms and legs, but genetic mutations caused the reptiles to lose all four of their limbs about 150 million years ago, according to two new studies.
	The findings are welcome news to herpetologists, who have long wondered what genetic changes caused snakes to lose their arms and legs, the researchers said." From – livescience.com
✓	The serpent's curse also included eventual against the " of woman" who would mortally wound the serpent's head.
✓	The woman's curse implies that she had already been giving to children and been doing so without much The implication also seems to be is that she was not originally by her husband.
✓	Adam's curse was that he would have to hard until he would "return to the", eking a living from ground that was for his sake.
✓	Access to the was lost